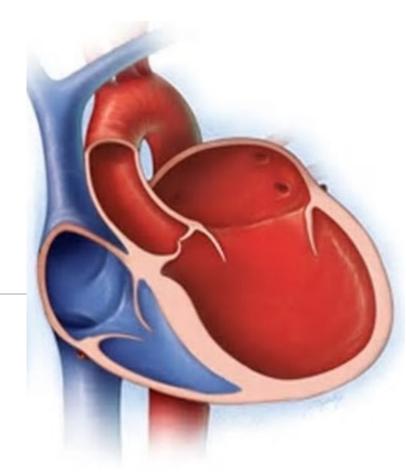




The role of Fibroblast Growth Factor 21 in Heart Failure

Nardi Almaw

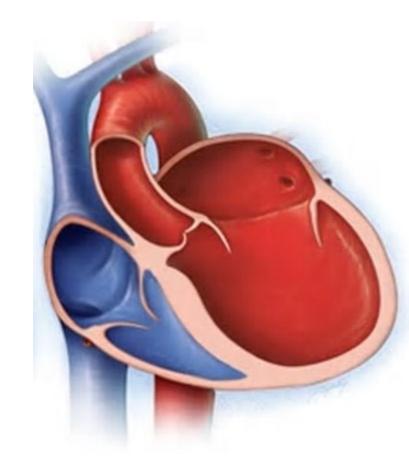
Sponsoring Faculty: Dipayan Chaudhuri, MD,PHD



Google Images: mayoclinic.org (Dilated Cardiomyopathy)

Heart Failure (HF) is one of the leading causes of mortality worldwide¹

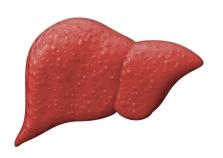
- In 2017, 9.4% deaths in the U.S attributed to HF
- A syndrome characterized by the heart's inability to supply enough blood to the body
- In Dilated cardiomyopathy (DCM), the heart muscle begins to dilate, reducing muscle contractions
- Disease progression exhibits increased cell death and oxidative stress induction



Google Images: <u>mayoclinic.org</u> (Dilated Cardiomyopathy)

Fibroblast Growth Factor 21 (FGF21) is secreted in response to oxidative stress in the body

- A metabolic regulator that is produced in response to mitochondrial or oxidative stress in the body, which occurs a lot in DCM¹
- Activation requires β-Klotho (KLB) and FGFR1
- Known production sites include:









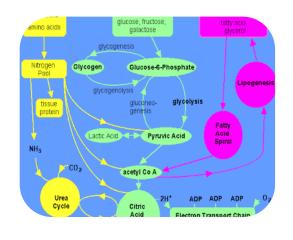
Google Images: mayoclinic.org (liver)

Google Images: <u>mayoclinic.org</u> (Heart)

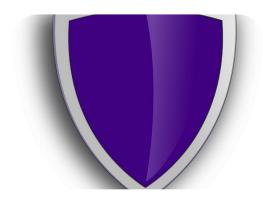
Google Images: mayoclinic.org (Pancreas)

Google Images: mayoclinic.org (Adipose tissue)

FGF21 has multiple roles in the body but varies depending on the disease being studied









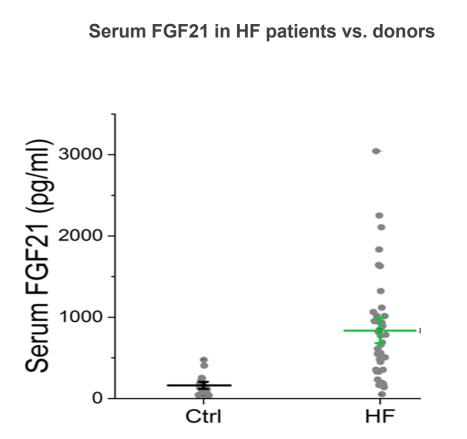
Metabolism

Homeostasis

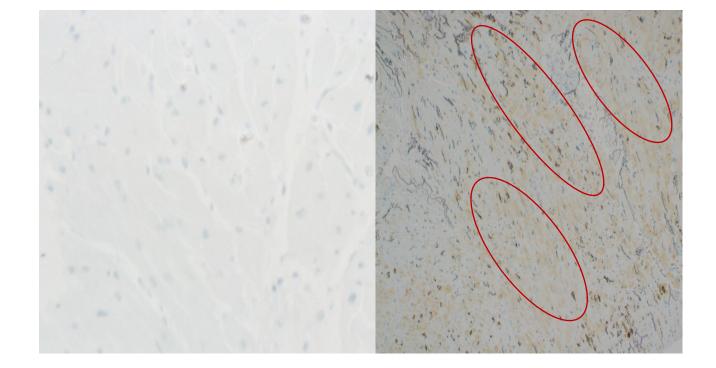
Cardioprotective effect

Biomarker for mitochondrial myopathies¹

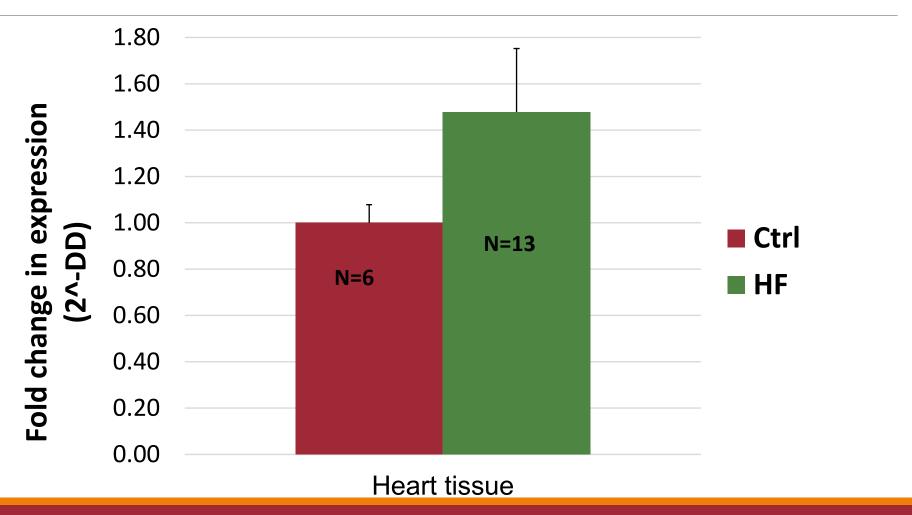
Previous lab results showed high levels of FGF21 in HF patients



Immunochemistry data (Donors-left, HF patients-right)



Upregulation of FGF21 gene expression was seen in HF patients



Is FGF21 being produced in other organs in response to cardiac stress?





Where is FGF21 being produced during HF?
What is it targeting?



Hypothesis

When cardiomyocytes experience oxidative stress, it leads to the production of FGF21 by other organs

To test our hypothesis, we induced HF in four mice and examined the gene and protein expression

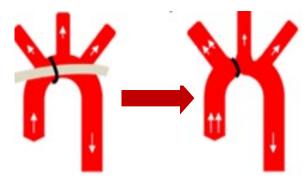
HF induction

Gene expression

Protein expression

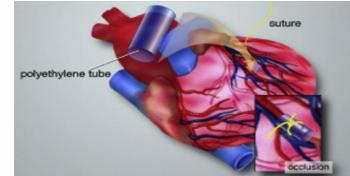
HF was induced in four mice via open heart surgery

Transverse Aortic Constriction (TAC)

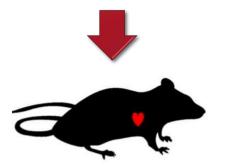




Coronary Artery Ligation



Google Images: sciencedirect.com (Coronary artery ligation)



Google Images: <u>laboratoryequipment.com</u> (mice)

FGF21 gene expression in mice was examined via quantitative PCR (qPCR)

Tissue Homogenization



Google Images: benchmarkscientific.com (beads)

RNA Isolation



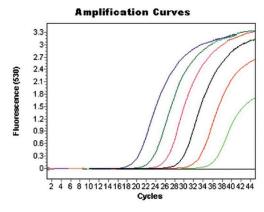
Google Images: bioscience.co.uk (RNA isolation)

qPCR



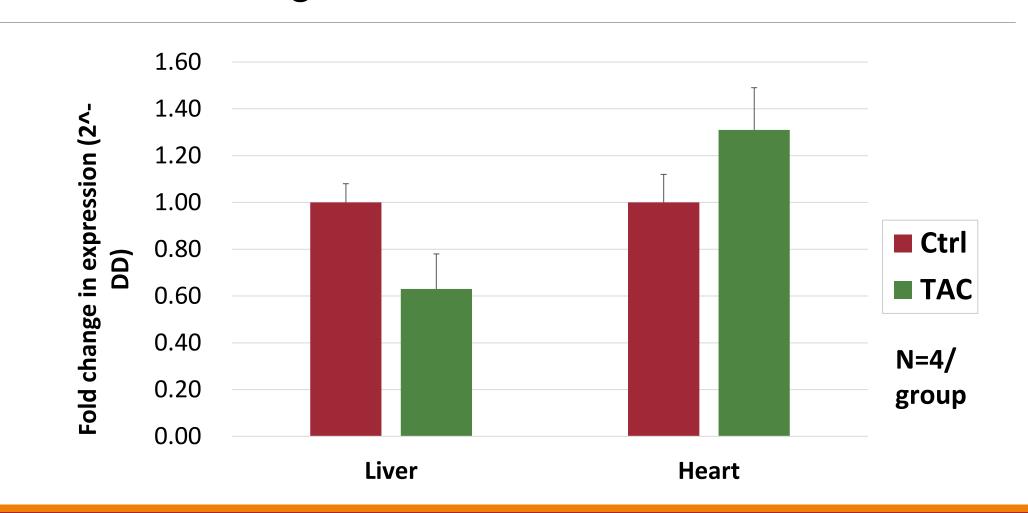
Google Images: biorad.com (PCR machine)



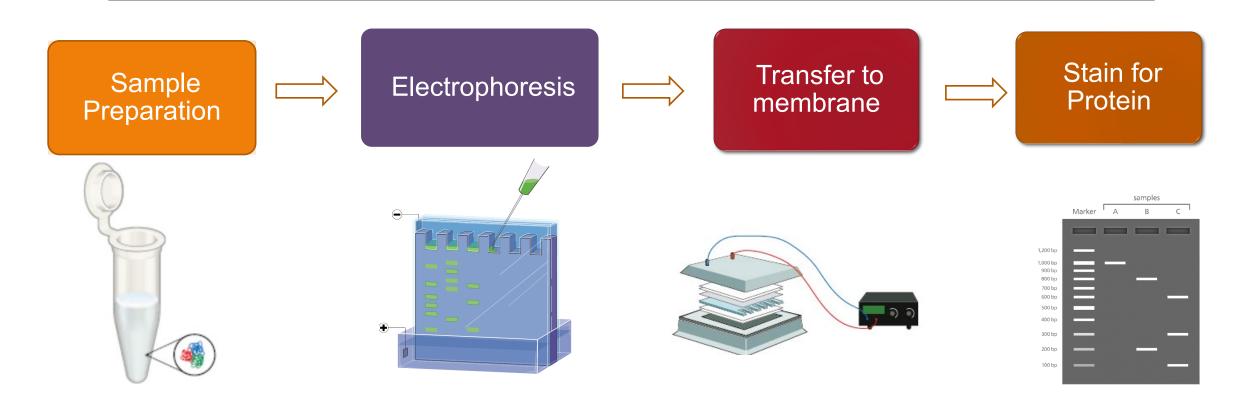


Google Images: jgid.org (qPCR)

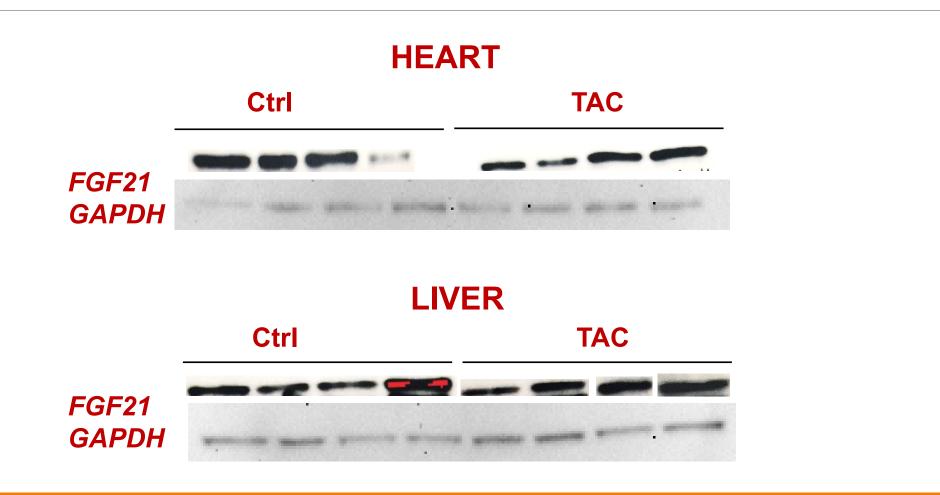
The FGF21 upregulations in TAC mice confirms the heart is an FGF21-target site



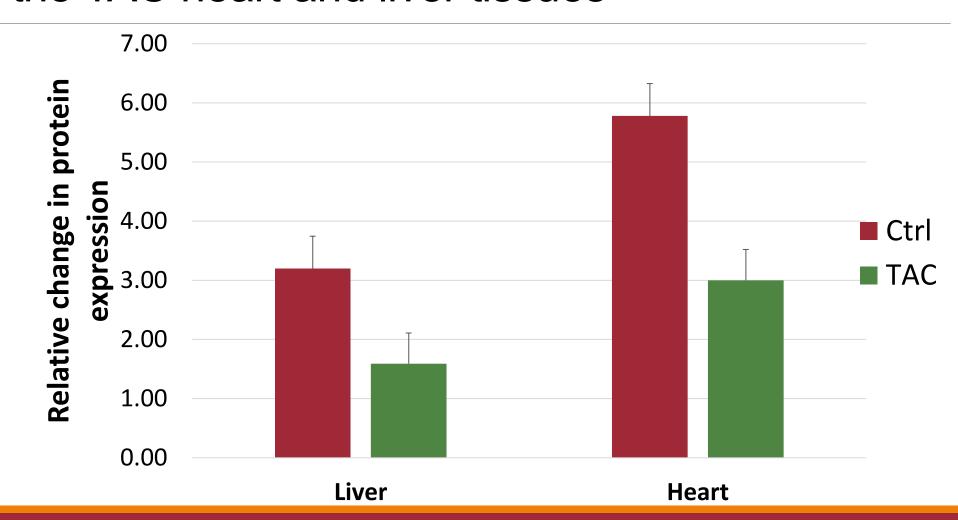
FGF21 protein expression was examined in mice via Western Blot (WB)



Qualitative WB data shows the presence of FGF21 in the heart and liver during HF



Downregulation of FGF21 protein expression was seen the TAC heart and liver tissues





Serum, FGF21 protein (IHC)

 Show presence of FGF21 during HF



Cardiac FGF21 in humans and mice (qPCR)

 The heart is being targeted by FGF21 during HF



Low increase in cardiac FGF21 expression

 The heart is not an FGF21production site



Hepatic FGF21 expression

 The liver is not an FGF21production site



Hepatic & Cardiac KLB & FGFR1

KLB mediates FGF21-FGFR interaction

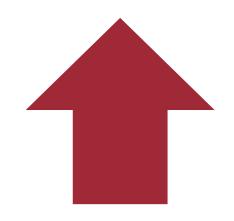
Limitations

- TAC is not a good model of ischemic HF
 - The gradual disease progression in patients isn't reflected by the acute increase in LV afterload¹
- Small sample size

Future plans

- Induce HF using a ascending aortic constriction procedure¹
- The variability seen in the current study allows for a power analysis
- Re-examine FGF21 gene expressions

Understanding the production site of FGF21 in DCM has multiple advantages



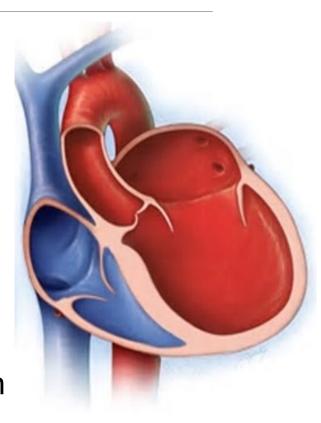
Clinical settings

 FGF21 as a metabolic stress biomarker for HF



Targeted therapy

 To prevent cardiac cell death during disease progression



Google Images: mayoclinic.org (Dilated Cardiomyopathy)